## The latest applications of certain minimax theorems

Biagio Ricceri

In this lecture, I will offer an overview of the latest applications of certain minimax theorems. Here are two samples.

THEOREM 1. - Let X be a topological space, E a real normed space,  $S \subseteq E^*$  a convex set weakly-star dense in  $E^*$ ,  $I: X \to \mathbf{R}$ ,  $\psi: X \to E$ . Assume the  $\psi(X)$  is not convex and that, for every  $\eta \in S$ , the function  $I + \eta \circ \psi$  is lower semicontinuous and inf-compact in X.

Then, there exists  $\tilde{\eta} \in S$  such that the function  $I + \tilde{\eta} \circ \psi$  has at least two global minima in X.

THEOREM 2. - Let E be a reflexive real Banach space and let  $C \subset E$  be a closed convex set, with non-empty interior, whose boundary is sequentially weakly closed and non-convex.

Then, for every function  $\varphi : \partial C \to \mathbf{R}$  and for every convex set  $S \subseteq E^*$  dense in  $E^*$ , there exists  $\tilde{\gamma} \in S$  having the following property: for every strictly convex lower semicontinuous function  $J : C \to \mathbf{R}$ , Gâteaux differentiable in  $\operatorname{int}(C)$ , such that  $J_{|\partial C} - \varphi$  is constant in  $\partial C$  and  $\lim_{\|x\| \to +\infty} \frac{J(x)}{\|x\|} = +\infty$  if C is unbounded,  $\tilde{\gamma}$  is an algebraically interior point of  $J'(\operatorname{int}(C))$  (with respect to  $E^*$ ).